

# The Hood River Glacier.

VOL. XXVII

HOOD RIVER, OREGON, THURSDAY, MARCH 2, 1916

No.

## First National Bank

### New Business

This is the time of year to consider and plan the campaign in all lines of industry. The officers of this strong bank are always glad to assist in your plans and convince you of the advantages of a savings or checking account with us.

A. D. MOE President  
E. O. BLANCHARD Cashier

## Bank Advertisement No. 82

"The Nature of the Banking Business."  
By H. S. McKee  
(SERIES SEVEN)

"In a rough way, then, the bank can extend credit to customers about in proportion to what they do to support and maintain this credit structure. The homely and practical expression of this is to say that the banks can best help those who help the banks. There is one further qualification. The bank can safely and properly loan the most to customers who borrow for the shortest time. The usefulness of bank credit is greatly increased when it is borrowed by a customer who uses it to serve a temporary need, and quickly repays it to the bank, to be used in turn by another customer, so that a given sum is used by several different customers in succession in the course of a year. Deposits created out of loans of this character are responsive, elastic and serve the whole community."

"A permanent standing loan of bank credit to one customer is something like cash hidden in a safe deposit box. It is withdrawn from useful circulation; it impairs the usefulness of the bank and prevents it from serving its other customers. A bank cannot create a line of satisfactory, elastic, circulating credit out of a sudden mass of notes of customers who seldom pay. The bank, then, in order to be of the highest usefulness in the community, must extend credit to the customer who is known to be of high character, who is amply able to pay when due, who does not try to borrow more than his fair proportion or for too long a time, and who does his full part in co-operating with the bank and strengthening it as vital energy in the business life of the community."

BUTLER BANKING COMPANY

## Announcement Extraordinary! FOR ORCHARDISTS

Our Spray Factory will soon be in operation and a large part of our output will be handled by the Apple Growers Association.

For your own best interests help a home industry and a home institution and place your orders with the Association.

And don't wait too long, if you would profit.

J. C. BUTCHER

## GROCERIES

The Quality is Guaranteed and the Price  
is Right at the

CASH GROCERY

Grocery of Quality

E. E. KAESSER, Proprietor

Phone 1012

## STATIONERY

Lord Baltimore Linen box paper 30c; pound paper 25c  
Cascade Linen box paper 35c; pound paper 25c  
Lotus Fabric Linen pound paper 25c  
Ustaco Linen Box paper 40c; pound paper 35c  
Tulip Linen box paper 35c; pound paper 35c  
Smyphony Lawn Stationery, box 50c; pound paper 50c  
Envelopes at 5c, 10c and 15c package

## Kresse Drug Co.

EASTMAN KODAK AND SUPPLIES The Rexall Store VICTROLAS AND RECORDS  
COME IN AND HEAR THE LATEST MARCH RECORDS

## A Bargain Purchase

of the O. P. Dabney & Son stock was made after several negotiations. This bargain became so apparent that we made few advances in the proposed closing out prices and in hundreds of items.

### Reduced These Figures Beyond All Consideration of Cost

This stock has been consolidated with our own to reduced selling expenses to lowest cost. We are adding bargains to the line from our own stock, so that you may supply any want at figures far below the greatest bargain hunter's fondest hope.

We have added extra salesmen and are prepared to serve you promptly. You will also be favored with our regular credit terms and the popular 5% for cash.

## Stewart Hardware & Furniture Co.

Your Credit Is Good. You may pay  
cash and save 5 per cent

## The Dalles, Portland & Astoria Navigation Company

Steamers "Dalles City" and "Stranger"  
Leave Portland 7 a. m., arrive at The Dalles 6:30 p. m., daily except Sunday, arrive at Hood River 4:30 p. m. Leave The Dalles 7 a. m., arrive at Portland 9:30 p. m., daily except Sunday, arrive at Hood River 9:30 a. m. Wednesday of each week is set aside as "Stock Yard Day" and then the Steamer Dalles City will take live stock for delivery to Portland Union Stock Yards. This service will permit the individual to ship as few animals as desired and get benefit of low freight rates.

For further information phone 4532

R. ROBERTS, Agent, The Regular Line

## Keep Your Money In Hood River

By Having Your Clothes Tailored to

Measure by Dale & Meyer

We have a large assortment of novelty suings as well as the ever serviceable blue or black serge or chevot.

DALE & MEYER

108 Third Street

Tailors to Men

Tailors to Women



Its Finest Coffee on Earth. 1 lb. tins 45c, 3 lb. tins \$1.25, 5 lb. tins \$2.00  
Most of the best people in Hood River use it. Sold only at

Star Grocery

Perigo & Son

## NEW BUILDINGS RECOMMENDED

### P.T. ASSOCIATION HEARS REPORT

Existing School Houses are Declared Inadequate—School Board, Favorable, Takes a Neutral Stand

At the meeting of the Parent-Teacher Association at the high school building last Thursday night a committee appointed recently to confer with the school board as to the advisability of new buildings, recommended in its report that new structures should be provided. The committee was composed of F. Davenport, Jr., S. A. Mitchell, F. H. Blagg, Mrs. F. H. Blagg and Mrs. J. P. Lucas.

While members of the school board express themselves as favorable to the plan as outlined by the committee, they declare that they will not wage any campaign for the new structures.

"As a business people and members of the school board," says F. A. Cram, chairman of the board, "we feel that the proposed investment will be a good one. But we will only go so far as to point out the facts before the people and let it go at that."

The report of the committee follows:

Members of the Parent-Teacher Association: We, the committee appointed by your honorable body to confer with the school board in regard to the needs of our city schools, desire to submit the following report:

We have held three meetings of the committee; at two of these Prof. McLaughlin was present. Also two meetings in conjunction with the school board, to which the alumni and high school students were invited. We have interviewed the superintendent of schools, as well as many of the teachers; examined the records of the school for the past five years, and reviewed the grounds of both the Park street school and the high school. We have looked into the conveniences and equipment of the schools; the sanitary conditions, as well as the earnings and expenses of the school, and have compared the same with the earnings of former years. We have examined the records of the number of students in all the buildings, year to year, comparing them with the records of this year. In this connection we find that the high school has had an increase of pupils in the neighboring districts and departments have been added which could not have been without this increased attendance; that the cost per pupil has been lowered in our district because of this increased attendance. Our district has received only the cost per capita of operation for these pupils. The income from this source is about \$5000 per year. This attendance means much to our high school, and these pupils must be cared for if we wish to hold them and retain the departments as we have them now.

Following is data relative to the district, showing the financial status, as well as the number of pupils enrolled, the cost of rented buildings and other expenditures.

Data relative to School District No. 3:

FINANCIAL:	
Valuation of district	\$2,728,491.14
Bonded indebtedness	\$2,000,000.00
Rate of interest on bonds	5 1/2 per cent
Interest paid annually on bonds	\$2,375.00
Number of years bonds are issued	Twenty
Date of issue	1908
Note: Bonds may be retired at the end of 10 years and a sinking fund must be created beginning with 1915 year.	
Limit of bonded indebtedness district	198,671.56
Tax levy in mills for 1915	8.6
Tax levy in mills for 1916	7.9
Tax levy in mills for 1917	7.6
Amount of tax levy for 1915	20,965.19
Other revenues for 1915, estimated:	
Tuition to high school	4,800.00
State appropriation	1,884.75
County school tax	7,000.00
Delinquent taxes, no data	\$13,124.70

In addition to the regular expenses of maintaining schools, the following should be considered:

Rent of manual training building	\$25.00
Rent of room at Christian church, 1 room	112.50
Rent of skating rink prior to 1915 and the equivalent for 1915-16	100.00
Commencement expenses: rent of hall, building of stage, rental of chairs, etc.	85.00
Rental of hall park for students, etc.	25.00
Rental of hall for social by students	\$622.50
Total	\$1,050.00

SCHOOLS:

Number of pupils in grades	470
Number in high school	210
No. in Pleasant View bldg, 4 rooms	111
No. in Christian church, 1 room	26
No. in Park Street, 8 rooms	207
No. in H. S. bldg, grade, 8 rooms	58
High school, 210	278
Total number of grade rooms	16
Average number in each room	29
No. of grade rooms having 2 divisions	8
No. of rooms having 30 pupils and over	8
No. of rooms having 30 and more pupils and 2 grades	5

Conditions demanding attention in high school are not the size of classes so much as the arrangement of rooms, buildings and equipment. The rooms for regular book work are mostly small and jammed together, while the rooms for special and vocational subjects are widely scattered and insufficient in either space or arrangement of rooms. The lack of facilities is most noticeable in the following departments:

No assembly room for student or public meetings, and for literary purposes.

Manual training shop, removed two blocks and inadequate in size for present work.

Kitchen, inadequate in arrangement and equipment.

Sewing room, temporary quarters, and any permanent equipment for this room not thought advisable.

Commercial department, no room for typewriting, a hall being used at this time, unsatisfactory and hard to heat.

In considering the wants of our schools now and the possibilities of the future we beg to make the following report: At the Park street school we find the conditions bad in this respect: The grades are crowded, sanitary conditions are not of the best, and the grounds and buildings are not adequate to meet the needs of the schools; that the efficiency of the work is being hindered by the lack of room. In this connection we find that a room at the Christian church is rented and being used for a primary grade, but this is not satisfactory; and there is no other available room for another teacher to relieve the overcrowded condition.

The report above shows that eight of the 16 grade rooms have an enrollment above the average, and that five of these eight rooms have two divisions of grades in the room. This average is too high and should be reduced, especially in the primary grades. As before stated, the grounds are too

small for a new building, or an extension to the present building. We recommend in this case the purchase of more ground, or the securing of a new site on Eugene street.

As to the high school, we find the rooms very much crowded, though the faculty is doing a very good work at a very great disadvantage. As shown in the report, there are now in this building 210 pupils, as compared with 125 in 1912. Here we find the domestic science department and commercial department and the upper grade pupils from the Park street school. We find that this building was not planned for the work as it is now given in our high school. The facilities are not modern, the equipment, especially in the sewing department, is inadequate on account of lack of space. In one instance the hall is used for work in the commercial department. The mingling of grade and high school students in the same building is not securing the best results, and the grade pupils should be removed from this building. We recommend the securing of more ground for the high school. We also recommend a new building, built so as to take care of the manual training department, the domestic science department, athletic training room and assembly hall or auditorium.

In the financial report we find an item of \$225 for the rental of a building for manual training purposes. This building is located several blocks from the other school buildings. The room is too small and the equipment of a necessity inefficient. Too much time is lost by the pupils going to and from this building, and the loss of control of the students while off the school grounds is considerable.

We would recommend that any plan in building should consider the additional numbers of children that are to be expected in the district in the future.

That none of the sites on which the buildings are located are large enough. We find that while the number of people in the city has decreased, the number of pupils in the schools has increased. This should lead us to the consideration of the future and to the number of pupils we will have when the city again gets back its population.

We find the additional expense, paid out for rental of rooms, etc., is not securing satisfactory service in any instance, and this money would largely pay the interest on a sum sufficient to properly equip the schools of our district.

In closing we wish to ask that you do not lose sight of the work our school board is doing. We found them giving much of their valuable time for the benefit of your children, and the future of our school. We think you will find much to commend them for, in the financial report given you this evening. It has been through their efforts that we have secured the able superintendent and the corps of teachers who are doing so much for us and our children, as well as the future of our beautiful city.

## PARSONS CORRECTS ERRONEOUS REPORT

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 28, 1916.

Editor Glacier: Will you kindly correct an article recently appearing in one of your issues relative to the contemplated withdrawal of the Rogue River Fruit & Produce Association from the Northwestern Fruit Exchange and my connection therewith.

As far as the decision of the Association to cease using the Exchange as its selling medium is concerned, that should be entirely with the stockholders of the Association. Personally, as a grower of apples, and as one of the organizers of the Association and Exchange, my interest first naturally lies with a proper selling method employing system and comprehensive distribution and intelligent and experienced operators. I, therefore, have no idea of severing my connection in any way with the Exchange, as in my belief it is only through a central selling agency of this kind that we can in any way meet the present crisis in the fruit situation in the northwest and overcome so many of the problems and difficulties that are confronting us. The function of the local, or district organization, is a most important one and should cover the picking, packing, handling, assembling and shipping, under absolutely correct methods. It then becomes the function of the highly systematized and comprehensive central selling agency to market the fruit where the great proportion of the concentrated efforts of the entire northwest can be put financially and morally behind their product, and the business done in a wholesale manner, rather than retail, as the problem is a big one and should have the coordinated activities of many experts. The grower is an expert producer; he should hire experts in the next step, or that of the local Association, covering handling and shipping, and they in turn should employ in the technical matter of fruit distribution, an accurately trained and thoroughly broad central selling agency which can cover the markets of the world from the various districts, and whose activities would not be limited by the production in variety, quality and quantity of any one locality and the consequent restrictions of financial effort on the part of the growers generally.

It is pleasing to note that the Northwestern Fruit Exchange has steadily gained in the proportionate amount of fruit sold each year of the six years it has handled fruit from various sections of the northwest, the most recent acquisition being the Milton cooperative Fruit Growers Union, of Milton, Wash., whose fruit production is considerable, and its possibilities are most promising.

Very truly yours,  
Reginald H. Parsons.

High School:

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## AUCTION MAN SCORES GROWERS

### TOO SUSPICIOUS, SAYS GOODSSELL

Present Condition, It is Declared, Would Make Auction Sales of Boxed Apples Unprofitable

At a meeting of orchardists addressed by him, under the auspices of the county granges at the Commercial club Saturday afternoon, E. L. Goodsell, a representative of New York fruit auction interests, characterized the failure of northwestern boxed apple growers to receive profitable returns from sales of their crops as due unqualifiedly to their own actions. "You have condemned your sales agencies and everyone else in connection with the trade," he said, "when it is yourselves that you should condemn. My advice to you is to affiliate with some cooperative agency, and these agencies should secure some neutral marketing expert who is not a grower to act as a hub or clearing house for them."

The fruit industry of the Northwest, the auction man declared, has been operated like a railway system without a train dispatcher.

Mr. Goodsell voiced an approval of the plan proposed by the Office of Marketing of the United States Department of Agriculture and declared that he would go further and advertise the Northwestern apples as California has advertised its oranges. He declared that apples from all districts should be marketed under one brand for the purpose of reaching the consumer, but that individual brands, because of their value in dealings with jobbers and retailers, should be retained. Before making this statement, Mr. Goodsell, who characterized the Hood River growers as the 400 of the apple world, asked that nobody shoot him.

You growers here no doubt think that your brands are of the greatest value," he said, "and they are for the purposes mentioned. But the consumer is a very impersonal proposition, and some such brand name as 'Snow-Crisp,' for all fruits would reach them."

While Mr. Goodsell cited arguments for auction sales of boxed apples, he declared that under existing circumstances his concerns would not accept boxed apples for sale. With northwest sales agencies for the most part centered in handling the fruit through other channels of trade, he said that auction sales would in all probability leave growers dissatisfied with returns. "During past years a large quantity of boxed apple sales agencies, and at the suggestion of some of them," declared Mr. Goodsell, we will publish all information pertaining to sales in the future."

The auction man declared that a law should be passed to prevent growers from attempting to sell their crops themselves. He said agriculturists should pay more attention to politics, and elect men who would take measures that would be beneficial to the farming population.

On Monday Mr. Goodsell held a conference with Governor Withycombe relative to the proposed chartering of a ship to carry a cargo of apples to England. He has met with the governors of Idaho and Washington, both of whom, he says, are in favor of the proposition. Next week Mr. Goodsell will see Governor Johnson, of California. He says that a saving of 66 2/3 cents per box can be made in shipping apples direct to Europe by steamship lines as compared with the rates charged for shipments through New York.

Mr. Goodsell, who is en route to California to confer with fruit interests relative to the distribution of by-products, was accompanied here by Arthur M. Geary, of Portland, who has been engaged for the past two years in the interest of the auction system of marketing boxed apples.

## CANADIAN APPLE DUTIES ARE HEAVIER

It is thought by local apple sales agency officials that the increased duties placed by the Canadian government on this fruit will make shipments to the markets of the provinces of Ontario and that as a consequence distribution will suffer severely during the marketing season of next fall.

"The duty has been increased from 13 1/3 cents to 33 1/3 cents per box," says Wilmer Sier, "and in addition to this a war tax of 18 per cent of the invoice is levied. The increased tariffs will have no direct effect on us, but by eliminating from Canada the heavy shipments of C grade product of other districts they bring this large quantity of fruit in competition with our apples in markets of the middle west."

It is said that the increased duties have been fostered by fruit growers of British Columbia and Ontario, who hope by means of it to bolster their domestic sales.

A government report on the distribution of last year's crop of Northwestern boxed apples up to January 22 showed that 558 carloads were shipped to Canadian points.

## JUDGE DERBY WILL BE A CANDIDATE

Judge Derby has announced that he will be a candidate for the Democratic nomination for the office of district attorney, of which he is at present the incumbent.

A graduate of the law school of the University of Oregon, Judge Derby has resided here 10 years. When Hood River county was established he was appointed the county's first judge. He represented Hood River and Wasco counties in the legislature in 1911. For eight years Judge Derby was city attorney of Hood River.

Keys made while you wait. Tire Shop, Third and Cascade.

## PORTLAND APPLE SALE IS BEGUN

The Apple Growers Association began its second annual sale of Red and Blue Diamond brand Yellow Newtown apples in Portland the latter part of last week. Blue Diamonds are selling for \$2.40 per box, retail, and Red Diamonds at \$2. An advertising campaign in conjunction with retail grocers is being waged.

Last year during a week's time the Association, not being able to export the Newtown apples because of the war, sold 23 carloads of the two grades in Portland.

"While we have not so much of the stock this year," says A. W. Stone, "we are looking for the best of returns."